CN 028 Trenton, N.J. 08625-0028

Michele M. Putnam

Deputy Director

Hazardous Waste Operations



ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (609)633-1408

89 AUG -9 PM II: 07

HAZARDOUS WASTE FACILITIES BRANCH

Lance R. Miller

Deputy Director

Responsible Party Remedial Action

State of New Tersey DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DIVISION OF HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT

John J. Trela, Ph.D., Director

CA 89-08/04/89

E.P. Nicholson Captain, U.S. Navy Commanding Officer Naval Weapons Station Earle Colts Neck, NJ 07722-5000

AUR 0 4 1989

Dear Captain Nicholson:

Precious Metals Recovery Unit, Naval Weapons Station Earle, Colts Neck, New Jersey, EPA ID NO. NJ 017 002 2172

The Bureau of Hazardous Waste Engineering (the Bureau) acknowledges the receipt of your letter dated May 23, 1989 in reference to sampling and testing of certain materials for EP Toxicity (silver). These materials are handled at the Precious Metals Recovery Facility at NWS - Earle.

After review of the contents to determine the hazardous waste classification for these materials by the Bureau of Planning and Classification the Department has the following comments:

- 1. Recovery cartridge samples 3,3L,4L and solution number 1 exceed the maximum allowable concentration for silver E.P. toxicity. Therefore, these samples are classified as hazardous waste, D011.
- In order to classify the remaining wastes, NWSE shall provide E.P. Toxicity tests for the remaining metals, pH and ignitability for solution number 2. Please provide this information within thirty days of the date of this letter so that the review can be completed.

If you have any questions, please contact Sunila Agrawal at (609) 292-9880.

Very truly your,

Thomas Sherman, Chief

Bureau of Hazardous Waste Engineering

Thomas Shewan

EP61/cfd

cc: Barry Tornick - USEPA

Frank Farance - Bureau of Case Management

Vincent Krisak - CFO

CN 028 Trenton, N.J. 08625-0028

Michele M. Putnam

Deputy Director

Hazardous Waste Operations



ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION II (609)633-1408 89 AUG 29 AM 2:47

State of New Jersey DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

DIVISION OF HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT

John J. Trela, Ph.D., Director

HAZARDOUS WASTE FACILITIES BRANCH

Lance R. Miller
Deputy Director
Responsible Party Remedial Action

E.P. Nicholson Captain, U.S. Navy Commanding Officer Naval Weapons Station Earle Colts Neck, N.J. 07722-5000

AUG 23 1989

Dear Captain Nicholson:

RE: Revised Soil Sampling and Analysis Plan for QH-8 and Demil Storage Area, Naval Weapons Station Earle, Colts Neck, Monmouth County, EPA ID No. NJ 017 002 2172

The New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection has conducted a review of the revised soil sampling and analysis plan dated May 25, 1989 in reference to QH-8 and Demil Storage Area.

The following modifications are required in the soil sampling and analysis plan:

1) Page E-7(4.4)

In addition to utilizing guidance from Chapter 9, volume 2, 3rd edition SW-846 for the sampling program, The NJDEP Field Sampling Procedures Manual should also be referenced.

(4.4.1-d)

All sample parameters except VOA's should be collected from the 0 to 6 inch depth. The VOA fraction is collected from the 6 to 12 inch depth.

2) Page E-14 (4.4.4-1.b.) and Page E-39a

Field blanks shall consist of two sets of <u>identical</u> containers. The water from the <u>full set of containers</u> shall be poured through decontaminated sampling equipment into the empty set of containers.

Field and trip blank samples must arrive on-site within one day of their preparation in the lab, may be held on-site for no longer than two calendar days, and must arrive back in the lab within one day of shipment from the field (4 days total). Blanks and all samples must be maintained at 4°C while on-site and during shipment.

3) Page E-15 (4.4.4-3c)

To ensure that the proper level of extraction and analysis is conducted, the laboratories should screen all samples prior to analyses. The screening results must be maintained by the laboratory until the analytical results are approved by NJDEP. NJDEP may require the submittal of the screening analytical results if the laboratory utilized the high level extraction procedure or analyses and reports all analytical results as "Non Detect". If NJDEP determines that the use of the high level extraction and analyses was inappropriate, resampling will be required and analysis conducted utilizing the low level procedures.

The use of GPC procedure for semivolatile analysis is not permitted.

The use of non-aqueous method blanks (except for dioxin in soils) is unacceptable to NJDEP. A volume of deionized/distilled laboratory water should be utilized instead as per requirements of the USEPA SOW for Organics Analysis.

All Deliverables shall be securely bound along the left margin.

Data results must be reported according to the latest version of USEPA CLP-Tier I format deliverables requirement if SOW for Organics and Inorganics Analysis is utilized. If 3rd edition SW-846 methodologies are used, then at a minimum, results must meet the deliverables format requirements as specified in the 3rd edition SW-846 (Attached).

4) Page E-36 (4.4.1-1.d.)

It is recommended that a minimum of three volumes and a maximum of five volumes be purged from a monitoring well prior to sampling.

Please provide Page E-37 and E-38 of the SSAP.

5) Page E-39 (4.4.4.)

The submersible pump deionized/distilled water final rinse is for the pump exterior.

Any questions regarding soil sampling and analysis plan shall be addressed to Denise K. Bear at (609) 984-1693. Any other questions shall be addressed to Sunila Agrawal at (609) 292-9880.

Very truly yours,

Thomas Sherman, Chief

Bureau of Hazardous Waste Engineering

Munas Sherman

EP61/dbm Attachment

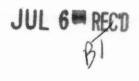
c: Barry Tornick - USEPA

Frank Faranca - Bureau of Case Management

Vincent Krisak - CFO

DOCUMENT: CAPTAIN FOLDER: LXMMCB





State of New Jersey DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

DIVISION OF HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT CN 028

Trenton, N.J. 08625-0028 (609) 633-1408 Fax # (609) 633-1454 NJ0170022172

JUN 29 1990

E.P. Nicholson
Captain, U.S. Navy
Commanding Officer
Department of the Navy
Naval Weapons Station Earle
Colts Neck, New Jersey 07722

RE: Soil Sampling and Analytical Plan (SSAP) Building QH-8, Demil Storage Area and EOD Range, Revision October 1989, Naval Weapons Station Earle, Colts Neck, Monmouth County, EPA ID No. NJD 017 002 2172.

Dear Mr. Nicholson:

The Bureau of Hazardous Waste Engineering (BHWE) has reviewed the SSAP for the above referenced facility and approves the plan with the following modifications:

Section 4.3, Page E-7 and E-27

Site evaluations using TCLP to determine EP toxicity are useful only for disposal determinations and not for further environmental impact studies of the site.

Table 2, Page E-8

Method 3540 for TPHC analysis and method reference (1) for water and wastes are not acceptable for soils analysis. See RCRA attachment III (attached) for the required methods for use.

Section 4.4.2, Page E-14 and Section 4.4.4, Page E-39

The aluminum foil utilized to wrap decontaminated sampling equipment shall be autoclaved.

The acetone used in the decontamination sequence shall be pesticide grade.

Section 4.4.4, Page E-15

In addition to the laboratory procedures specified, the detection limits for SW-846 3rd edition methodologies shall be as indicated in RCRA Attachment III pages C-1 through C-6.



.111M 2 9 1990

Section 4.4.1-3.; Page E-37

The comment "decontaminate the bailer according to Section 4.4.4" shall be deleted, as bailers are not decontaminated in the field after sample collection.

Section 4.4.2 - 1. a. Page E-37

Surface water samples may be collected directly into the sample containers as an alternative to the methods specified.

Section 4.4.2 -2. Page E-37 and Section 4.4.3, Page E-38

All required sample containers shall be prepared and provided by the laboratory performing the analysis.

Section 3, Page E-40

In addition to the laboratory methodologies indicated, please note that the laboratory must follow all RCRA Attachment III procedures.

BHWE must be notified in writing at least fourteen (14) days prior to initiation of closure sampling activities so that a representative from the Department could be present to audit the soil sampling episode..

If you have any questions, please call John Scott of my staff at (609) 292-9880.

Very truly yours,

Thomas Sherman, Chief

Bureau of Hazardous Waste Engineering

Memor Shewn

EP58/cfd

One(1) Attachment

cc: Barry Tornick, USEPA Vincent Krisak, BCE

DOCUMENT: NAVAL16 FOLDER: DBMMCB

RCRA ATTACHMENT III

Laboratory Procedures

The laboratory SOP must be submitted with the proposed Sampling Plan unless the SOP is already on file with the Office of Quality Assurance.

Parameters for analysis must be from the Target Compound List (TCL) plus thirty and the Target Analyte List (TAL). Any facility specific compounds not included on the TCL or TAL should have the analytical SOP included with the plan.

The laboratory conducting the soil analysis must utilize CLP SOW for Organics and Inorganics Analysis or SW-846, 3rd edition methodologies. SW-846 methods to be utilized include: Method 8240 for volatiles; Method 8270 for semivolatiles; methods for other parameters should be specified. For soil analysis of TPHC, EPA method 418.1 as modified by NJDEP should be utilized. Minimum detection limits for both CLP and SW-846 analytical protocols are provided as pages C-1 through C-6.

Data results must be reported according to the Regulatory Deliverable format (Appendix 1) that is to be utilized for analyses conducted by SW-846 3rd Edition. The NJDEP-CLP Format (Appendix 3) is to be utilized for analyses of samples analyzed by Contract Laboratory Program Protocol. The 3rd edition SW-846 is utilizing CLP type deliverables for the analysis of samples by certain methods. The use of NJDEP-CLP format for these methods is acceptable. (Examples of Appendix 1 and Appendix 3 may be obtained from BHWE.)

The submittal of Inorganics data must include all raw data and the QA/QC data required for the method. Submittal of only the results and the summary sheet information is not acceptable. Information reported by the laboratory for TPHC analysis should include: calibration data, method blank results, samples results, date of analysis, and IR spectra for calibration standards, all blanks, all samples.

To ensure that the proper level of extraction and analysis is conducted, the laboratories should screen all samples prior to analyses. The screening results must be maintained by the laboratory until the analytical results are approved by NJDEP. NJDEP may require the submittal of the screening analytical results if the laboratory utilized the high level extraction procedure or analyses and reports all analytical results as "Non Detect". If NJDEP determines that the use of the high level extraction and analyses was inappropriate, resampling will be required and analysis conducted utilizing the low level procedures.

The use of GPC procedure for semivolatile analysis is not permitted.

The use of non-aqueous method blanks (except for dioxin in soils) is unacceptable to NJDEP. A volume of deionized/distilled laboratory water should be utilized instead as per requirements of the USEPA SOW for Organics Analysis.

All deliverables are to be securely bound along the left margin.

INORGANIC TARGET ANALYTE LIST (TAL)

Ana	lyte	Contract Required Detection Limit (1,2) (ug/L)		
	minum	200		
	imony	60		
	enic	10		
Bar	ium	200		
Ber	yllium	· 5		
Cad	lmium	5		
Cal	cium	5000		
Chr	comium	10		
Cot	palt	50		
Cop	per	25 .		
Iro		100		
Les	ıd	5		
Mas	gnesium	5000		
	nganese	15		
	reury	0.2		
	kel .	40		
Pot	tassium	5000		
Sel	lenium	5		
	lver	10		
	dium .	5000		
	allium	10		
	nadium	50		
Zi		20		
	anide	10		

(1) Subject to the restrictions specified in the first page of Part G, Section IV of Exhibit D (Alternate Methods - Catastrophic Failure) any analytical method specified in SOW Exhibit D may be utilized as long as the documented instrument or method detection limits meet the Contract Required Detection Limit (CRDL) requirements. Higher detection limits may only be used in the following circumstance:

If the sample concentration exceeds five times the detection limit of the instrument or method in use, the value may be reported even though the instrument or method detection limit may not equal the Contract Required Detection Limit. This is illustrated in the example below:

For lead:

Method in use = ICP
Instrument Detection Limit (IDL) = 40
Sample concentration = 220
Contract Required Detection Limit (CRDL) = 5

Target Compound List (TCL) and Contract Required Quantitation Limits (CRQL)*

		Q1	uantitation Limits**
		Water	
Volatiles	CAS Number	ug/L	ug/Kg
1. Chloromethane	74-87-3	10	10
2. Bromomethane	74-83-9	10	10
Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4	10	10
4. Chloroethane	75-00-3	10	10
Methylene Chloric	de 75-09-2	5	5
6. Acetone	67-64-1	10	10
 Carbon Disulfide 	75-15-0	5	5
8. 1,1-Dichloroether		5	5
1,1-Dichloroethar	ne 75-34-3	5	5
10. 1,2-Dichloroether	ne (total) 540-59-0	5	5
<pre>11. Chloroform</pre>	67-66-3	5	5
12. 1,2-Dichloroethar	ne 107-06-2	5	5
13. 2-Butanone	78-93-3	10	10
 14. l,l,l-Trichloroet 		5	5
Carbon Tetrachlor	ide 56-23-5	5	5
<pre>16. Vinyl Acetate</pre>	108-05-4	10	10
 Bromodichlorometh 		5	5
18. 1,2-Dichloropropa	ne 78-87-5	5	5
19. cis-1,3-Dichlorop		5	5
20. Trichloroethene	79-01-6	5	5
		-	3
21. Dibromochlorometh	nane 124-48-1	5	5
22. 1,1,2-Trichloroet		5	5
23. Benzene	71-43-2	5	5
24. trans-1,3-Dichlor		5	5 5
25. Bromoform	75-25-2	5	5
	,5 25 2	5	5
26. 4-Methyl-2-pentar	none 108-10-1	10	10
27. 2-Hexanone	591-78-6	10	10
28. Tetrachloroethene		5	
29. Toluene	108-88-3	5	5
30. 1,1,2,2-Tetrachlo		5	5 5
55. 1,1,2,2 1001401110	7,7-34-3	5	5

(continued)

		Quantitation Limits**	
Volatiles	CAS Number	Water ug/L	<u>Low Soil/Sediment</u> ^a ug/Kg
31. Chlorobenzene 32. Ethyl Benzene 33. Styrene 34. Xylenes (Total)	108-90-7 100-41-4 100-42-5 1330-20-7	5 5 5 5	5 5 5 5

Medium Soil/Sediment Contract Required Quantitation Limits (CRQL) for Volatile TCL Compounds are 125 times the individual Low Soil/Sediment CRQL.

^{*} Specific quantitation limits are highly matrix dependent. The quantitation limits listed herein are provided for guidance and may not always be achievable.

^{**} Quantitation limits listed for soil/sediment are based on wet weight. The quantitation limits calculated by the laboratory for soil/sediment, calculated on dry weight basis as required by the contract, will be higher.

Target Compound List (TCL) and Contract Required Quantitation Limits (CRQL)*

		Quantitation Limits**	
Coming lands		Water	Low Soil/Sediment
Semivolatiles	CAS Number	ug/L	
35. Phenol		-5/-	ug/Kg
36 hi-/2 old	108-95-2	10	220
36. bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether	111-44-4	10	330
37. 2-Chlorophenol	95-57-8	10	330
38. 1,3-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	10	330
39. 1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	10	330
40. Benzyl alcohol		10	330
41 1 2 Dichland	100-51-6	10	330
41. 1,2-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	10	330
42. 2-Methylphenol	95-48-7	10	330
43. bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)			330
ether	108-60-1	10	330
44. 4-Methylphenol	106-44-5	10	330
45. N-Nitroso-di-n-			330
dipropylamine			
46. Hexachloroethane	621-64-7	10	330
47. Nitrobenzene	67-72-1	10	330
48 Isopharas	98-95-3	10	330
48. Isophorone	78-59-1	10	330
49. 2-Nitrophenol	88-75-5	10	330
50. 2,4-Dimethylphenol	10		330
51. Benzoic acid	105-67-9	10	330
52. bis(2-Chloroethoxy)	65-85-0	50	1600
methane			
	111-91-1	10	330
-,	120-83-2	10	330
54. 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	10	330
55. Naphthalene			330
56. 4-Chloroaniline	91-20-3	10	330
57. Hexachlorobutadiene	106-47-8	10	330
58 4-Chloro 3	87-68-3	10	330
58. 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol			330
(para-chloro-meta-cresol)	59-50-7	10	330
59. 2-Methylnaphthalene	91-57-6	10	330
60. Hexachlorocyclopentadiene			330
61. 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	77-47-4	10	330
62. 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	10	330
63. 2-Chloronaphthalene	95-95-4	50	1600
64. 2-Nitroaniline	91-58-7	10	330
o4. 2-Willoamiline	88-74-4	50	1600
65. Dimethylphthalate	101		1000
66. Acenaphthylene	131-11-3	10	330
67. 2,6-Dinitrotoluene	208-96-8	10	330
68. 3-Nitroaniline	606-20-2	10	330
69. Acenaphthene	99-09-2	50	1600
computatiene	83-32-9	10	330
(continued)			330

		Quan	titation Limits**
		Water	Low Soil/Sediment
Semivolatiles	CAS Number	ug/L	ug/Kg
70. 2,4-Dinitrophenol	51-28-5	50	1600
71. 4-Nitrophenol	100-02-7	50	1600
72. Dibenzofuran	132-64-9	10	330
73. 2,4-Dinitrotoluene	121-14-2	10	330
74. Diethylphthalate	84-66-2	10	330
75. 4-Chlorophenyl-phenyl ethe	r 7005-72-3	10	330
76. Fluorene	86- 73-7	10	330
77. 4-Nitroaniline	100-01-6	50	1600
78. 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	534-52-1	50	1600
79. N-nitrosodiphenylamine	86-30-6	10	330
80. 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	101-55-3	10	330
81. Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	10	330
82. Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	50	1600
83. Phenanthrene	85-01-8	10	330
84. Anthracene	120-12-7	10	330
85. Di-n-butylphthalate	84-74-2	10	330
86. Fluoranthene	206-44-0	10	330
87. Pyrene	129-00-0	10	330
88. Butylbenzylphthalate	85-68-7	10	330
89. 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	91-94-1	20	660
Benzo(a)anthracene	56-55-3	10	330
91. Chrysene	218-01-9	10	330
92. bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate		10	330
93. Di-n-octylphthalate	117-84-0	10	330
94. Benzo(b)fluoranthene	205-99-2	10	330
95. Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	10	330
96. Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	10	330
97. Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	10	330
98. Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	10	330
99. Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	191-24-2	10	330

Medium Soil/Sediment Contract Required Quantitation Limits (CRQL) for SemiVolatile TCL Compounds are 60 times the individual Low Soil/Sediment CRQL.

^{*} Specific quantitation limits are highly matrix dependent. The quantitation limits listed herein are provided for guidance and may not always be achievable.

^{**} Quantitation limits listed for soil/sediment are based on wet weight. The quantitation limits calculated by the laboratory for soil/sediment, calculated on dry weight basis as required by the contract, will be higher.

Target Compound List (TCL) and Contract Required Quantitation Limits (CRQL)*

		. Quantitation Limits	
		Water	Low Soil/Sediment ^C
Pesticides/PCBs	CAS Number	ug/L	ug/Kg
100. alpha-BHC	319-84-6	0.05	8.0
101. beta-BHC	319-85-7	0.05	8.0
102. delta-BHC	319-86-8	0.05	8.0
103. gamma-BHC (Lindane)	58-89-9	0.05	8.0
104. Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.05	8.0
105. Aldrin	309-00-2	0.05	8.0
106. Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.05	8.0
107. Endosulfan I	959-98-8	0.05	8.0
108. Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.10	16.0
109. 4,4'-DDE	72-55-9	0.10	16.0
207,			
110. Endrin	72-20-8	0.10	16.0
111. Endosulfan II	33213-65-9	0.10	16.0
112. 4,4'-DDD	72-54-8	0.10	16.0
113. Endosulfan suifate	1031-07-8	0.10	16.0
114. 4,4'-DDT	50-29-3	0.10	16.0
	,		
115. Methoxychlor	72-43-5	0.5	80.0
116. Endrin ketone	53494-70-5	0.10	16.0
117. alpha-Chlordane	5103-71-9	0.5	80.0
118. gamma-Chlordane	5103-74-2	0.5	80.0
119. Toxaphene	8001-35-2	1.0	160.0
120. Aroclor-1016	12674-11-2	0.5	80.0
121. Aroclor-1221	11104-28-2	0.5	80.0
122. Aroclor-1232	11141-16-5	0.5	80.0
123. Aroclor-1242	53469-21-9	0.5	80.0
124. Aroclor-1248	12672-29-6	0.5	80.0
125. Aroclor-1254	11097-69-1	1.0	160.0
126. Aroclor-1260	11096-82-5	1.0	160.0

Medium Soil/Sediment Contract Required Quantitation Limits (CRQL) for Pesticide/PCB TCL compounds are 15 times the individual Low Soil/Sediment CRQL.

2/88

^{*} Specific quantitation limits are highly matrix dependent. The quantitation limits listed herein are provided for guidance and may not always be achievable.

Quantitation limits listed for soil/sediment are based on wet weight. The quantitation Limits calculated by the laboratory for soil/sediment, calculated on dry weight basis as required by the contract, will be higher.



State of New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection and Energy

Environmental Regulation Hazardous Waste Regulation Program CN 028 Trenton, NJ 08625-0028

Scott A. Weiner Commissioner

Frank Coolick

Administrator

JUN 11 REC'D

Gregory Goepfert
Environmental Director
Department of the Navy
Naval Weapons Station Earle
Colts Neck, New Jersey 07722-5000

JUN 08 1992

RE: Annual Soil Sampling and Analyses, Naval Weapons Station Earle, Colts Neck, Monmouth County, EPA ID No. NJO 170 022 172, NJ Facility No. 1309A1

Dear Mr. Goepfert:

The Bureau of Hazardous Waste Engineering in conjunction with its support group the Bureau of Environmental Measurements and Quality Assurance has completed its review of the analytical data for soil samples collected on February 27, 1991 in accordance with the annual soil sampling and analysis requirements of your hazardous waste facility permit.

The Department has determined that the laboratory performing the analysis failed to provide a Regulatory Format deliverable package for the explosive compounds. This fraction has been conditionally rejected pending resubmittal of the data in the proper format.

Please submit the requested information within thirty (30) days from the date of this letter.

If you have any questions regarding this matter, please call John P. Scott of my staff at (609) 292-9880.

Very truly yours,

Thomas Sherman, Chief

Bureau Hazardous Waste Engineering

Thurs them

EP58/js

Michael Poetzsch, USEPA, Region II

Charles L. Maack, CBWHWEFO

DOCUMENT: GEOPFERT FOLDER: JXSMCB

12/7



State of New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection and Energy

Environmental Regulation Hazardous Waste Regulation Program CN 421 Trenton, NJ 08625-0421 Phone# 609-633-1418

Frank Coolick Administrator

Scott A. Weiner Commissioner

Gregory Goepfert
Environmental Director
Department of the Navy
Naval Weapons Station Earle
Colts Neck, New Jersey 07722-5000

DEC 03 1992

RE: Soil Sampling Data Review for the Closure of the Two Thousand Gallon Waste Oil Storage Tank Located West of Building C-14, Naval Weapons Station Earle, Colts Neck, Monmouth County, EPA ID No. NJO 170 022 172, CP-86-1

Dear Mr. Goepfert:

The Bureau of Hazardous Waste Engineering (Bureau) in conjunction with its support group the Bureau of Environmental Measurements and Quality Assurance has completed a review of the soil sampling data collected on February 14, 1991 in accordance with the March 24, 1987 subsequently amended December 5, 1990 approved closure plan for the two thousand gallon waste oil tank located west of Building C-14.

The review of the soil sampling data has indicated that the concentrations of the parameters that were tested for were either not detected or below levels of concern. Naval Weapons Station Earle (NWSE) is hereby advised that the closure activities for this unit have been completed to the satisfaction of the Department. Therefore, this unit does not require future action by NWSE or this Bureau.

If you have any questions regarding this matter, please call John P. Scott of my staff at (609) 292-9880.

Very truly yours,

Thomas Sherman, Chief

Bureau of Hazardous Waste Engineering

EP58/cfd

cc: Michael Poetzsch, USEPA, Region II

Charles L. Maack, CBWHWEFO

DOCUMENT: USARMY27 FOLDER: CFDMOB



State of New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection and Energy

Environmental Regulation Hazardous Waste Regulation Program CN 421 Trenton, NJ 08625-0421 Phone# 609-633-1418

Scott A. Weiner Commissioner

Frank Coolick Administrator

APR 29 1993

Gregory Goepfert
Environmental Director
Department of the Navy
Naval Weapons Station Earle
Colts Neck, New Jersey 07722-5000

RE: Annual Soil Sampling Data Review, Naval Weapons Station Earle, Colts Neck, Monmouth County, EPA ID No. NJO 170 022 172, NJ Hazardous Waste Facility Permit 1309A1HP01

Dear Mr. Goepfert:

The Bureau of Hazardous Waste Engineering (Bureau) in conjunction with its support group the Bureau of Environmental Measurements and Quality Assurance has completed a preliminary review of the soil sampling data collected on December 29, 1992, in accordance with Condition 7(c), Section II of your hazardous waste facility permit.

The review indicates that the following information is missing and must be submitted to the Bureau for the Department to complete the review of the data:

General

The non-detected results reported by the laboratory were not listed on the target and non-target summary lists.

The laboratory did not provide the internal chain-of-custody and methodology followed for the Pesticide/PCB analyses.

Pesticides/PCBs

The summary of the results reported on the form entitled "Report of Results" indicates that the analyses were performed by Method 8080. The analytical sequence and % D values for DBC retention times for the standards and the samples have not been included in the data package. The initial calibration did not have five concentration levels of the standards for the analytes of interest as per Method 8080.

The raw data indicate that the analyses were performed following USEPA CLP methodology and the standards include Performance Evaluation Standards. However, the deliverables are not consistent with the CLP format.